



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/833,593	04/13/2001	Martin Philip Usher	11696. 0059	5641
27890	7590 11/16/2005		EXAM	INER
STEPTOE & JOHNSON LLP			MILLER, BRANDON J	
	ECTICUT AVENUE, N.W. FON, DC 20036		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	- <b>-</b>		2683	
			DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/833,593	USHER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Brandon J. Miller	2683
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION (36(a). In no event, however, may a rewritten and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 At 2a)     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)     This 3)     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matt	-
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-36</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-24 and 26-30</u> is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>31-36</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 13 April 2001 is/are: a)☐ Applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 100 or declaration is objected to by the Examine 110 or declaration is objected to by	☑ accepted or b)☐ object drawing(s) be held in abeyan on is required if the drawing(	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in A ity documents have been I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	•	ı
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 

Art Unit: 2683

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after allowance or after an Office action under *Ex Parte Quayle*, 25 USPQ 74, 453 O.G. 213 (Comm'r Pat. 1935). Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, prosecution in this application has been reopened pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/29/2005 has been entered.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 13, 19, 26, and 29 contain allowable subject matter and claims 14-18, 20-24, 27-28, and 30 contain allowable subject matter based on their dependence of independent claims 13, 19, 26, and 29 respectively.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 31-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warburton in view of Kraft.

Regarding claim 31 Warburton teaches a method for forwarding incoming telephone communications (see paragraph [0038]). Warburton teaches diverting an incoming call based on

Art Unit: 2683

divert instructions associated with a telephone number (see paragraph [0038]). Warburton does not specifically teach considering a state of a telephone associated with a telephone number as busy, regardless of an actual state of the telephone. Kraft teaches considering the state of a telephone associated with a telephone number and during the considering diverting all incoming calls (see col. 3, lines 1-10 & 38-45). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include considering a state of a telephone associated with a telephone number as busy, regardless of an actual state of the telephone because when diverting all incoming calls of a telephone associated with a telephone number, the actual state of that telephone is not considered, which is often the same treatment as considering the state of a telephone as busy regardless of its actual state and it would allow for an improved function setting mode of a portable telephone.

Regarding claim 32 Kraft teaches receiving a request to divert incoming calls for a telephone number, and the considering is in response to the receiving (see col. 1, lines 38-44 and col. 3, lines 38-45).

Regarding claim 33 Warburton teaches a request identifies one of a location, a communication system, or a telephone number that incoming calls are to be directed to (see paragraph [0038]).

Regarding claim 34 Warburton and Kraft teach a device as recited in claim 32 except for associating in response to a request, a primary diversion instruction with the telephone number. Kraft does teach associating in response to a request, a first diversion instruction with a telephone (see col. 2, lines 60-65, col. 3, lines 38-45, and TABLE 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device

Art Unit: 2683

adapt to include associating in response to a request, a primary diversion instruction with the telephone number because this would allow for an improved function setting mode of a portable telephone.

Regarding claim 35 Warburton and Kraft teach a device as recited in claim 34 except for modifying any existing divert on busy instructions associated with the telephone number to accommodate the primary diversion instruction. Kraft does teach selecting one of a plurality of possible phone settings associated with the telephone to accommodate the first diversion instruction (see col. 2, lines 60-65, col. 3, lines 38-45, and TABLE 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include modifying any existing divert on busy instructions associated with the telephone number to accommodate the primary diversion instruction because this would allow for an improved function setting mode of a portable telephone.

Regarding claim 36 Warburton and Kraft teach a device as recited in claim 34 except for the primary divert instruction supercedes any existing divert on busy instruction. Kraft does teach a first divert instruction that comes before the selection of any divert phone setting (see col. 2, lines 60-65, col. 3, lines 38-45, and TABLE 1). It would have been obvious to one of obvious skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include the primary divert instruction supercedes any existing divert on busy instruction because this would allow for an improved function setting mode of a portable telephone.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Art Unit: 2683

Lanzerotti U.S Patent No. 6,324,398 discloses a wireless telecommunications system having airborne base station.

Capone et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,393,281 discloses a seamless hand-off for air-to-ground systems.

Gilhousen U.S Patent No. 5,559,865 discloses an airborne radiotelephone communications system.

Corbefin et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,269,243 discloses device for allowing the use in an aircraft of radiocommunication means.

Malik U.S Patent No. 6,252,954 discloses a system and method for delaying the ringing of a line.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brandon J. Miller whose telephone number is 571-272-7869. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Trost can be reached on 571-272-7872. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 2683

October 30, 2005

WILLIAM TROST SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600